**Target Market Determination** 

# Neuberger Berman Global Sustainable Equity Fund - Class W



Important: ASIC has taken enforcement action against product issuers alleging non-compliant TMDs. This includes action against product issuers who ASIC considered did not appropriately consider the features and risks of their products in determining their target market, did not appropriately identify the target market with sufficient detail, or did not specify appropriate distribution conditions or review periods. The use of this template does not mitigate the risks of a non-compliant TMD.

This template does not constitute legal advice. We encourage issuers to seek their own professional advice in completing this template, as it is the issuer's responsibility to determine and comply with their obligations.

#### Introduction

This Target Market Determination (**TMD**) is required under section 994B of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**the Act**). This TMD describes the class of consumers that comprises the target market for the financial product and matters relevant to the product's distribution and review (specifically, distribution conditions, review triggers and periods, and reporting requirements). Distributors must take reasonable steps that will, or are reasonably likely to, result in distribution of the product being consistent with the most recent TMD (unless the distribution is excluded conduct).

This document is **not** a product disclosure statement (**PDS**) and is **not** a complete summary of the product features or terms of the product. This document does not take into account any person's individual objectives, financial situation or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the PDS for the product before making a decision whether to buy this product.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions which supplement this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product's PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained from <a href="Neuberger Berman Australia & New Zealand | Neuberger Berman (nb.com">Neuberger Berman (nb.com</a>)

Berman (nb.com)

## **Target Market Summary**

This product is intended for use as a minor allocation for a consumer who is seeking capital growth and has a high risk and return profile for that portion of their investment portfolio. It is likely to be consistent with the financial situation and needs of a consumer with a minimum 5 year investment timeframe and who is unlikely to need to withdraw their money on less than one week's notice.

## Fund and Issuer identifiers

Instructions to issuers for table below: Include all codes that are available and omit those that are not relevant to the issuer/product.

Issuer	Neuberger Berman Australia Ltd
Issuer ABN	90 146 033 801
Issuer AFSL	391401
Fund manager	Neuberger Berman Australia Ltd
TMD contact details	nbausops@nb.com
Fund name	Neuberger Berman Global Sustainable Equity Fund - Class W
ARSN	641099738
APIR Code	NBA2220AU
ISIN Code	AU60NBA22200
TMD issue date	10-Jan-24
TMD Version	2
Distribution status of fund	Available / current

## **Description of Target Market**

## TMD indicator key

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red and green rating methodology:

In target market Not in target market

#### Instructions

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

## **Appropriateness**

The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table below are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

## Investment products and diversification

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (for example, with an intended product use of *minor allocation*). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portion of the portfolio, rather than the consumer's portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a balanced or moderate diversified portfolio with a minor allocation to growth assets. In this case, a product with a *High* risk/return profile may be consistent with the consumer's objectives for that *minor allocation* notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is *Medium*. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).

Consumer Attributes	TMD indicator	Product description including key attributes	
Consumer's investment objective			
Capital Growth	In target market	The Fund aims to achieve a minimum excess annualised return (before fees) of 2% over the	
Capital Preservation	Not in target market	MSCI World Net Total Return Index (AUD) before fees over a 3-5 year investment horizon.	
Income Distribution	Not in target market		
Consumer's intended product use (	% of Investable Assets		
Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)	Not in target market	The Fund adheres to the following asset allocation ranges:	
Major allocation (up to 75%)	Not in target market	• Equities: 90 – 100%	
Core component (up to 50%)	Not in target market	• Cash: 0 – 10%	
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	In target market	The Fund is exposed to global equities through an investment approach that is diversified across	
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	In target market	industries, countries, and regions.	
		The portfolio diversification of this Fund is medium.	
Consumer's investment timeframe	1_		
Minimum investment timeframe	5	The minimum suggested investment time frame for the Fund is 5 years.	
	Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile		
Low	Not in target market	The Fund has a high risk/return profile which potentially has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period, and is typically suited to investors who seek capital growth and who	
Medium	Not in target market	have the ability to tolerate substantial fluctuations in the value of their investments.	
High	In target market	,,, ,, ,,,,	
Very high	In target market		
Extremely high	In target market		
Consumer's need to access capital			
Within one week of request	In target market	Under normal circumstances, unit holders can submit an application to withdraw/redeem from	
Within one month of request	In target market	the Fund daily by providing a redemption request to the Registry by 2:00pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day. Funds will generally be available within 7 business days of receipt of a withdrawal request, however, the issuer has discretion to make payment up to 21 days after acceptance of an application to redeem.	
Within three months of request	In target market		
Within one year of request	In target market		
Within 5 years of request	In target market		
Within 10 years of request	In target market		
10 years or more	In target market		

# **Distribution conditions/restrictions**

Distribution conditions	Distribution condition rationale	Which distributors this requirement applies to
Suitable for retail distribution through dealing if distributor is reasonably satisfied that distribution is necessary to implement personal advice given to the consumer.	The Issuer considers that the distribution condition will make it likely that consumers who acquire the product will be in the target market for the product, or the product will otherwise be appropriate for	All distributors
Suitable for retail distribution through investment, super or wrap platforms, and investor directed portfolio service (IDPS) or IDPS-like scheme or other trading platform. Suitable for direct application by retail investors. Retail investors who apply directly via the unit registry must complete consumer attribute questions contained within the application form to identify the purpose of their investment.	them.  The issuer of each platform product has its own obligations as a distributor to take reasonable steps that will or are reasonably likely to result in retail product distribution conduct being consistent with this TMD  This distribution condition will make it likely that the issuer can identify if the product is being effectively distributed within the target market and assess if a significant dealing event has occurred.	

## **Review triggers**

Material change to key attributes, fund investment objective and/or fees.

Material deviation from benchmark / objective over sustained period.

Key attributes have not performed as disclosed by a material degree and for a material period.

Determination by the issuer of an ASIC reportable Significant Dealing.

Material or unexpectedly high number of complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product or distribution of the product.

The use of Product Intervention Powers, regulator orders or directions that affects the product.

## **Mandatory TMD review periods**

Review period	Maximum period for review
Initial review	15 months
Subsequent review	15 months

## **Distributor reporting requirements**

Reporting requirement	Reporting period	Which distributors this requirement applies to
Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating to the product. The distributor should provide all the content of the complaint, having regard to privacy.	As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days following end of calendar quarter.	All distributors
Significant dealing outside of target market, under section 994F(6) of the Act.  See Definitions for further detail.	As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days after distributor becomes aware of the significant dealing.	All distributors

If practicable, distributors should adopt the FSC data standards for reports to the issuer. Distributors must report to Neuberger Berman using the method specified at: <a href="Design and Distribution Obligations">Design and Distribution Obligations</a> (DDO) | Neuberger Berman (nb.com)

# Disclaimer

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# **Definitions**

In some instances, examples have been provided below. These examples are indicative only and not exhaustive.

Term	Definition	
Consumer's investment objective		
Capital Growth	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to generate capital return over the investment timeframe. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets (such as shares or property) or otherwise seeks an investment return above the current inflation rate.	
Capital Preservation	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to have low volatility and minimise capital loss. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments (this may include cash or fixed income securities).	
Income Distribution	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to distribute regular and/or tax-effective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (this may include high dividend- yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).	
Consumer's intended product use (% of Inve	estable Assets)	
Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 100% of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with <i>very high</i> portfolio diversification.	
Major allocation (up to 75%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 75% of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>high</i> portfolio diversification.	
Core Component (up to 50%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 50% of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>medium</i> portfolio diversification.	
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 25% of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>low</i> portfolio diversification.	
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 10% of the total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer may seek a product with <i>very low</i> portfolio diversification.	
	Products classified as <i>extremely high</i> risk are likely to meet this category only.	
Investable Assets	Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the residential home.	
Term	Definition	

Portfolio diversification (for completing the key product attribute section of consumer's intended product use)  Note: exposures to cash and cash-like instruments may sit outside the diversification framework below.		
Very low	The product provides exposure to a single asset (for example, a commercial property) or a niche asset class (for example, minor commodities, crypto-assets or collectibles).	
Low	The product provides exposure to a small number of holdings (for example, fewer than 25 securities) or a narrow asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, a single major commodity (e.g. gold) or equities from a single emerging market economy).	
Medium	The product provides exposure to a moderate number of holdings (for example, up to 50 securities) in at least one broad asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, Australian fixed income securities or global natural resources).	
High	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings (for example, over 50 securities) in multiple broad asset classes, sectors or geographic markets (for example, global equities).	
Very high	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings across a broad range of asset classes, sectors and geographic markets with limited correlation to each other.	
Consumer's intended inves	tment timeframe	
Minimum	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding the product. Typically, this is the rolling period over which the investment objective of the product is likely to be achieved.	
Concumer's Bick (shility to	hear loss) and Return profile	

### Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile

This TMD uses the Standard Risk Measure (*SRM*) to estimate the likely number of negative annual returns for this product over a 20 year period, using the guidance and methodology outlined in the <u>Standard Risk Measure Guidance Paper For Trustees</u> (note the bands in the SRM guidance differ from the bands used in this TMD). However, SRM is not a complete assessment of risk and potential loss. For example, it does not detail important issues such as the potential size of a negative return (including under conditions of market stress) or that a positive return could still be less than a consumer requires to meet their investment objectives/needs. The SRM methodology may be supplemented by other risk factors. For example, some products may use leverage, derivatives or short selling; may have liquidity or withdrawal limitations; may have underlying investments with valuation risks or risks of capital loss; or otherwise may have a complex structure or increased investment risks, which should be documented together with the SRM to substantiate the product risk rating.

A consumer's desired product return profile would generally take into account the impact of fees, costs and taxes.

Term	Definition
Low	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	has a conservative or low risk appetite,
	• seeks to minimise volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)), and
	is comfortable with a low target return profile.
	The consumer typically prefers stable, defensive assets (such as cash).
Medium	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	has a moderate or medium risk appetite,
	• seeks low volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)), and
	is comfortable with a moderate target return profile.
	The consumer typically prefers defensive assets (for example, fixed income).
High	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	has a high risk appetite,
	• can accept high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 5 or 6)), and
	seeks high returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).
	The consumer typically prefers growth assets (for example, shares and property).
Very high	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
	has a very high risk appetite,
	• can accept very high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 to 7 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6 or 7)), and
	seeks to maximise returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).
	The consumer typically prefers high growth assets (such as high conviction portfolios, hedge funds, and alternative investments).
Extremely high	For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:
, ,	has an extremely high risk appetite,
	can accept significant volatility and losses, and
	<ul> <li>seeks to obtain accelerated returns (potentially in a short timeframe).</li> </ul>
	The consumer seeks extremely high risk, speculative or complex products which may have features such as significant use of derivatives, leverage or short positions or may be in emerging or niche asset classes (for example, crypto-assets or collectibles).

Term	Definition
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#### Consumer's need to access capital

This consumer attribute addresses the likely period of time between the making of a request for redemption/withdrawal (or access to investment proceeds more generally) and the receipt of proceeds from this request under ordinary circumstances. Issuers should consider both the frequency for accepting the request and the length of time to accept, process and distribute the proceeds of such a request. To the extent that the liquidity of the underlying investments or possible liquidity constraints (e.g. ability to stagger or delay redemptions) could impact this, this is to be taken into consideration in aligning the product to the consumer's need to access capital. Where a product is held on investment platforms, distributors also need to factor in the length of time platforms take to process requests for redemption for underlying investments. Where access to investment proceeds from the product is likely to occur through a secondary market, the liquidity of the market for the product should be considered.

Term	Definition
Distributor Reporting	
Significant dealings	Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning.
	The issuer will rely on notifications of significant dealings to monitor and review the product, this TMD, and its distribution strategy, and to meet its own obligation to report significant dealings to ASIC.
	Dealings outside this TMD may be significant because:
	• they represent a material proportion of the overall distribution conduct carried out bythe distributor in relation to the product, or
	• they constitute an individual transaction which has resulted in, or will or is likely to result in, significant detriment to the consumer (or class of consumer).
	In each case, the distributor should have regard to:
	• the nature and risk profile of the product (which may be indicated by the product's risk ratingor withdrawal timeframes),
	• the actual or potential harm to a consumer (which may be indicated by the value of the consumer's investment, their intended product use or their ability to bear loss), and
	• the nature and extent of the inconsistency of distribution with the TMD (which may be indicated by the number of red and/or amber ratings attributed to the consumer).
	Objectively, a distributor may consider a dealing (or group of dealings) outside the TMD to be significant if:
	• it constitutes more than half of the distributor's total retail product distribution conduct in relation to the product over the quarter,
	• the consumer's intended product use is <i>solution/standalone</i> ,
	• the consumer's intended product use is <i>core component</i> or higher and the consumer's risk/return profile is <i>low</i> , or
	• the relevant product has a green rating for consumers seeking extremely high risk/return.